## TENT COOPERATION TREAT /

To:

### From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

### PCT

### **NOTIFICATION OF ELECTION**

(PCT Rule 61.2)

Commissioner
US Department of Commerce
United States Patent and Trademark
Office, PCT
2011 South Clark Place Room
CP2/5C24
Arlington, VA 22202

Date of mailing (day/month/year)
27 March 2001 (27.03.01)

International application No.
PCT/US00/17895

International filing date (day/month/year)
28 June 2000 (28.06.00)

Applicant

TAKAGI, Kazuhiro et al

1.	The designated Office is hereby notified of its election made:
	X in the demand filed with the International Preliminary Examining Authority on:
	13 January 2001 (13.01.01)
	in a notice effecting later election filed with the International Bureau on:
2.	The election X was
	was not
:	made before the expiration of 19 months from the priority date or, where Rule 32 applies, within the time limit under Rule 32.2(b).

The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland Authorized officer

Kiwa Mpay

Telephone No.: (41-22) 338.83.38

Facsimile No.: (41-22) 740.14.35

## PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

	From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU			
PCT	To:			
NOTIFICATION OF THE RECORDING OF A CHANGE  (PCT Rule 92bis.1 and Administrative Instructions, Section 422)  Date of mailing (day/month/year) 05 April 2002 (05.04.02)	BASF AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT D-67056 Ludwigshafen ALLEMAGNE			
Applicant's or agent's file reference				
AM100246/PCT		IMPORTANT NOTI	FICATION	
International application No. PCT/US00/17895		al filing date (day/month/yearne 2000 (28.06.00)	ear)	
The following indications appeared on record concerning:      The applicant the inventor	the agent	the commo	on representative	
Name and Address AMERICAN CYANAMID COMPANY		State of Nationality US	State of Residence US	
Five Giralda Farms Madison, NJ 07940 United States of America	İ	Telephone No.		
		Facsimile No.		
	Teleprinter No.			
The International Bureau hereby notifies the applicant that the X the person the name the add	r	change has been recorded the nationality	concerning: the residence	
Name and Address		State of Nationality	State of Residence	
BASF AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT D-67056 Ludwigshafen		DE Telephone No.	DE	
Germany		Facsimile No.		
,		acsimic No.		
		Teleprinter No.		
3. Further observations, if necessary: Assignment.				
4. A copy of this notification has been sent to:				
X the receiving Office		the designated Offices	concerned	
the International Searching Authority the International Preliminary Examining Authority	Ĺ	the elected Offices cor	cerned	
The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland	Authorized	officer Elisabeth KÖ	ÖNIG	
Facsimile No.: (41-22) 740.14.35	Telephone	No.: (41-22) 338.83.38		

## PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

	From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU			
PCT	То:			
NOTIFICATION OF THE RECORDING OF A CHANGE  (PCT Rule 92bis.1 and Administrative Instructions, Section 422)  Date of mailing (day/month/year) 05 April 2002 (05.04.02)	BASF AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT D-67056 Ludwigshafen ALLEMAGNE			
Applicant's or agent's file reference AM100246/PCT	IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION			
International application No. PCT/US00/17895	International filing date (day/month/year) 28 June 2000 (28.06.00)			
1. The following indications appeared on record concerning: the applicant the inventor	the agent the common representative			
Name and Address  HOGAN, John, W. American Home Products Corporation Patent Law Dept. 2B2 One Campus Drive Parsippany, NJ 07054 United States of America	Telephone No. 973 683 2152 Facsimile No. 973 683 4109 Teleprinter No.			
The International Bureau hereby notifies the applicant that the Name the additional the add				
Name and Address  BASF AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT D-67056 Ludwigshafen Germany	Telephone No. 0621/60-42694 Facsimile No. 0621/60-43121 Teleprinter No.			
3. Further observations, if necessary:				
4. A copy of this notification has been sent to:  X the receiving Office the International Searching Authority the International Preliminary Examining Authority	the designated Offices concerned  X the elected Offices concerned  other:			
The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland	Authorized officer  Elisabeth KÖNIG  Telephone No.: (41-22) 338.83.38			

### (19) World Intellectual Property Organization International Bureau



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## (43) International Publication Date 11 January 2001 (11.01.2001)

(51) International Patent Classification7:

### PCT

## (10) International Publication Number WO 01/01781 A1

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- (21) International Application Number: PCT/US00/17895
- (22) International Filing Date: 28 June 2000 (28.06.2000)
- (25) Filing Language:

English

A01N 47/34.

(26) Publication Language:

English

(30) Priority Data:

11/190671

5 July 1999 (05.07.1999) JP

- (71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): AMERICAN CYANAMID COMPANY [US/US]; Five Giralda Farms, Madison, NJ 07940 (US).
- (72) Inventors; and
- (75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): TAKAGI, Kazuhiro [JP/JP]; 4-12-10-1124, Kitahorie, Nishi-ku, Osaka-shi, Osaka-fu (JP). WADA, Yasuhiro [JP/JP]; 3-952-7, Higashi-ikejiri, Osakasayama-shi, Osaka-fu (JP). YAMAGUCHI, Rikio [JP/JP]; 2-5-202, Honmachi, Kawachinagano-shi, Osaka-fu (JP).

- (74) Agents: HOGAN, John, W. et al.; American Home Products Corporation, Patent Law Dept. 2B2, One Campus Drive, Parsippany, NJ 07054 (US).
- (81) Designated States (national): AT, AU, BR, CA, CH, CR, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, HU, IL, IN, KE, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, SE, TR, US, ZA, ZW.
- (84) Designated States (regional): ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

#### Published:

- With international search report.
- With amended claims.

Date of publication of the amended claims: 14 June 2001

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

(54) Title: ANT CONTROLLERS AND METHOD FOR APPLICATION THEREOF

$$Z - N(R^1) - C - A - C - R^3$$

$$(1)$$

(57) Abstract: The present invention provides an excellent ant controller for protecting wooden materials such as trees, board fences, sleepers, etc. and structures such as shrines, temples, houses, outhouses, factories, etc. from termites, and for controlling ants doing harm to crops or humans, which contains as active ingredient thereof a hydrazine derivative represented by general formula (I) [wherein A represents one of formulas (II), (III), (IV), and (V), (wherein R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> are H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, etc.; X is 1 to 5 substituents selected from H, halogen and (halo) C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl); R<sup>1</sup> is H or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl; R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are H, OH, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, phenylcarbonyl, etc.; Y is 1 to 5 substituents selected from H, halogen, nitro and cyano; Z is halogen, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, etc.; and W is O or S]; and a method for application of the ant controller.

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### **AMENDED CLAIMS**

[received by the International Bureau on 12 December 2000 (12.12.00); original claims 1-7 replaced by new claims 1-10 (3 pages)]

 A method for combating pests selected from the Isoptera, Hymenoptera, Orthoptera, and Psocoptera orders by applying a hydrazine derivative represented by the following formula (I):

$$z \longrightarrow N(R^1) - C - A - C \begin{vmatrix} R^2 \\ C \\ R^3 \end{vmatrix}$$

- R1 represents hydrogen or C1-C6 alkyl;
- R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup>, which may be same or different,
   represent hydrogen, hydroxyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy,
   C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylcarbonyl or phenylcarbonyl;
- A represents

wherein

- R4 represents hydrogen or C1-C6 alkyl, and
- X represents 1 to 5 same or different substituents selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl and halo  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,

or

wherein R4 and X are as defined above, and

 $R^5$  represents hydrogen,  $C_1-C_6$  alkylcarbonyl or phenylcarbonyl which may have 1 to 2 same or different substituents  $C_1-C_6$  alkyl,

### **AMENDED SHEET (ARTICLE 19)**

or

$$C(R^4) = N - N - N$$

wherein R4 and X are as defined above,

or

wherein R4 and X are as defined above;

- represents 1 to 5 same or different substituents selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, nitro and cyano;
- z represents halogen, cyano,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl, halo  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy, halo  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkylsulfinyl or halo  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkylsulfonyl; and
- W represents oxygen or sulfur.
- 2. The method of claim 1 wherein the hydrazine derivative is represented by the following formula (I-1):

$$Z \xrightarrow{W} N(R^1) - C - N(R^4) - N = C - C - C - C$$

$$X$$
(I-1)

3. The method of claim 1 wherein the hydrazine derivative is represented by the following formula (I-2):

4. The method of claim 1 wherein the hydrazine derivative is represented by the following formula (I-3):

$$Z \longrightarrow N(R^1) - C - C(R^4) = N - N - C - R^2$$

$$X$$
(I-3)

5. The method of claim 1 wherein the hydrazine derivative is represented by the following formula (I-4):

$$Z \xrightarrow{W} -N(R^1) \xrightarrow{C} -CE(R^4) -NH-N \xrightarrow{C} \xrightarrow{R^2} Y$$

$$X$$
(1-4)

- 6. The method of claim 1 wherein the pests are selected from the Rhinotermitidae, Termitidae, Kalotermitidae, Termopsidae, and Formicidae family.
- 7. The method of any one of claims 1 to 6 wherein the hydrazine derivative is applied in amounts of 0,1 to 500  $g/m^2$ .
- 8. A method for protecting wooden materials against pests from the Rhinotermitidae, Termitidae, Kalotermitidae, and Termopsidae family by applying a hydrazine derivative as defined in any one of claims 1 to 5.
- 9. The method of claim 8 wherein the hydrazine derivative is applied in amounts of 0,1 to 50  $g/m^2$ .
- 10. The method of claim 9 wherein the hydrazine derivative is represented by formula I-1 as defined in claim 2.

### (19) World Intellectual Property Organization International Bureau



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### (43) International Publication Date 11 January 2001 (11.01.2001)

### (10) International Publication Number WO 01/01781 A1

(51) International Patent Classification7: 37/44

A01N 47/34,

- (21) International Application Number: PCT/US00/17895
- (22) International Filing Date:

28 June 2000 (28.06.2000)

(25) Filing Language:

English

(26) Publication Language:

English

(30) Priority Data: 11/190671

5 July 1999 (05.07.1999)

- (71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): AMER-ICAN CYANAMID COMPANY [US/US]; Five Giralda Farms, Madison, NJ 07940 (US).
- (72) Inventors; and
- (75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): TAKAGI, Kazuhiro [JP/JP]; 4-12-10-1124, Kitahorie, Nishi-ku, Osaka-shi, Osaka-fu (JP). WADA, Yasuhiro [JP/JP]; 3-952-7, Higashiikejiri, Osakasayama-shi, Osaka-fu (JP). YAMAGUCHI, Rikio [JP/JP]; 2-5-202, Honmachi, Kawachinagano-shi, Osaka-fu (JP).

- (74) Agents: HOGAN, John, W. et al.; American Home Products Corporation, Patent Law Dept. 2B2, One Campus Drive, Parsippany, NJ 07054 (US).
- (81) Designated States (national): AT, AU, BR, CA, CH, CR, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, HU, IL, IN, KE, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, SE, TR, US, ZA, ZW.
- (84) Designated States (regional): ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

#### Published:

- With international search report.
- Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of receipt of amendments.

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

(54) Title: ANT CONTROLLERS AND METHOD FOR APPLICATION THEREOF

$$Z = N(R^1) - C - A - C Y$$
 (1)

$$-N(R^4)-N=C--N(R^4)-N(R^5)-CH--C(R^4)=N-N--CH(R^4)-NH-N-$$
(III)
(III)
(IV)
(V)

(57) Abstract: The present invention provides an excellent ant controller for protecting wooden materials such as trees, board fences, sleepers, etc. and structures such as shrines, temples, houses, outhouses, factories, etc. from termites, and for controlling ants doing harm to crops or humans, which contains as active ingredient thereof a hydrazine derivative represented by general formula (I) [wherein A represents one of formulas (II), (III), (IV), and (V), (wherein R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> are H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, etc.; X is 1 to 5 substituents selected from H, halogen and (halo) C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl); R<sup>1</sup> is H or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl; R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are H, OH, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, phenylcarbonyl, etc.; Y is 1 to 5 substituents selected from H, halogen, nitro and cyano; Z is halogen, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, etc.; and W is O or S]; and a method for application of the ant controller.

### A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC 7 A01N47/34 A01N37/44

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

#### B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)  $IPC\ 7\ A01N$ 

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

CHEM ABS Data, WPI Data, EPO-Internal

Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	WO 92 06076 A (DU PONT) 16 April 1992 (1992-04-16) page 54, line 32 -page 55, line 17 claim 1; table A	1,2,6,7
x	EP 0 462 456 A (NIHON NOHYAKU CO LTD) 27 December 1991 (1991-12-27) cited in the application page 1; claim 1; example A004	1,2,6,7
X	EP 0 500 111 A (ISHIHARA MINING & CHEMICAL CO) 26 August 1992 (1992-08-26) page 38, line 55 -page 39, line 2; claim 1; example 200	1,2,6,7

Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	X Patent family members are listed in annex.
Special categories of cited documents:  "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance  "E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date  "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)  "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means  "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed	"T" later document published after the International filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention  "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed Invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone  "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is sombined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.  "&" document member of the same patent family
Date of the actual completion of the international search  28 August 2000	Date of mailing of the International search report 23. 11. 00
Name and mailing address of the ISA  European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentiaan 2 NI 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo rd, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	Authorized officer  Bertrand, F

1

C.(Continua	tion) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	
Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
х	WO 94 11340 A (NIPPON SODA CO ;KISHIMOTO TAKASHI (JP); MATSUDA MICHIHIKO (JP); HA) 26 May 1994 (1994-05-26) abstract; example 12	1,2
चड : ;		
;		

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### INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

national application No. PCT/US 00/17895

Box i Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)	
This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:	
Claims Nos.:     because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:	
Claims Nos.:      because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:	
Claims Nos.:     because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).	
Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)	
This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:	
see additional sheet	
As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.	
2. As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.	
3. As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:	
4. No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:  1, 6, 7 (all partly)	
Remark on Protest  The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.  No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.	

### FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

This International Searching Authority found multiple (groups of) inventions in this international application, as follows:

1. Claims: 1,6,7 (all partly) and 2

Ant controller and method of its application, involving a compound of general formula  $I\!-\!1$ 

2. Claims: 1,6,7 (all partly) and 3

Ant controller and method of its application, involving a compound of general formula I-2

3. Claims: 1,6,7 (all partly) and 4

Ant controller and method of its application, involving a compound of general formula I-3

4. Claims: 1,6,7 (all partly) and 5

Ant controller and method of its application, involving a compound of general formula I-4

adormation on patent family members

PCT/US 00/17895

Patent docume cited in search re		Publication date		tatent family member(s)	Publication date
WO 9206076	A	16-04-1992	AU	9028991 A	28-04-1992
			CA	2093351 A	86-04-1992
			EΡ	0553284 A	04-08-1993
	•		JP	6502414 T	17-03-1994
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			· CA	2061214 A	23-08-1992
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			AU	5433794 A	08-06-1994



## **PCT**



## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

7

Applicant's or agent's file reference		Con Notification of Transmitted of International
AM100246/PCT	FOR FURTHER ACTION	See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)
International application No.	International filing date (day/month	h/year) Priority date (day/month/year)
PCT/US00/17895	28/06/2000	05/07/1999
International Patent Classification (IPC) of A01N47/34	national classification and IPC	
Applicant		
AMERICAN CYANAMID COMPA	NY et al.	
This international preliminary exa and is transmitted to the applicar		by this International Preliminary Examining Authority
2. This REPORT consists of a total	of 7 sheets, including this cover sl	neet.
been amended and are the b	nied by ANNEXES, i.e. sheets of the pasis for this report and/or sheets of 607 of the Administrative Instruction	e description, claims and/or drawings which have containing rectifications made before this Authority ons under the PCT).
These annexes consist of a total	of sheets.	
This report contains indications re	elating to the following items:	
I ⊠ Basis of the report		
Ⅱ □ Priority		
	f opinion with regard to novelty, inv	entive step and industrial applicability
IV ☐ Lack of unity of inver		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
V 🛛 Reasoned statement citations and explana	under Article 35(2) with regard to r	novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;
VI   Certain documents of		
VII 🗵 Certain defects in the	international application	
VIII   Certain observations	on the international application	
Date of submission of the demand	Date of c	completion of this report
13/01/2001	16.10.20	01
Name and mailing address of the internatio preliminary examining authority:	nal Authorize	ed officer
European Patent Office D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 5236	Bertran	d, F
Fax: +49 89 2399 - 4465		ne No. +49 89 2399 8606

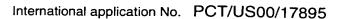


International application No. PCT/US00/17895

l.	<b>Basis</b>	of the	report
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1.	the an	th regard to the <b>elements</b> of the international application (Replacement sheets which have been furnished receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally find are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17)): scription, pages:	ed to led"					
	1-3	4 as originally filed						
	Cla	ims, No.:						
	1-1	0 as received on 13/01/2001 with letter of 06/12/2000						
2.	Wit lan	h regard to the <b>language</b> , all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in guage in which the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.	the					
	The	ese elements were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:						
		the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b))	).					
		the language of publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).						
		the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under 55.2 and/or 55.3).	Rule					
3.	Wit inte	n regard to any <b>nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence</b> disclosed in the international application, the rnational preliminary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:						
		contained in the international application in written form.						
		filed together with the international application in computer readable form.						
		furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form.						
		furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form.						
		The statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosu the international application as filed has been furnished.	ıre in					
		The statement that the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequentisting has been furnished.	ice					
4.	The	amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:						
		the description, pages:						
		the claims, Nos.:						
		the drawings, sheets:						
5.		This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have be considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)):	een					





(Any replacement sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this report.)

6.		ditional observations, if ne separate sheet	ecessa	ry:					
III.	No	n-establishment of opi	nion wit	th regard	to novelty, in	ventive step	and industri	al applicabili	i <b>ty</b>
1. The questions whether the claimed invention appears to be novel, to involve an inventive ste obvious), or to be industrially applicable have not been examined in respect of:					tive step (to b	e non-			
		the entire international	applicat	ion.					
	×	claims Nos. 1(part),3-5	,6-9(par	1).					
be	caus	se:							
		the said international ap not require an internation					ne following su	ubject matter	which does
		the description, claims that no meaningful opin				elements bel	'оw) or said cla	aims Nos. are	so unclear
		the claims, or said clain could be formed.	ns Nos.	are so ir	adequately su	pported by th	e description t	that no meani	ngful opinio
	×	no international search	report h	as been	established for	the said clai	ms Nos. 1(par	t),3 <b>-</b> 5,6-9(par	t).
	and	eaningful international p /or amino acid sequence ructions:							
		the written form has not	been fu	urnished (	or does not con	nply with the	standard.		
		the computer readable	orm ha	s not bee	n furnished or o	does not com	iply with the st	andard.	
V.	Rea cita	soned statement unde tions and explanations	r Article suppo	e 35(2) w rting suc	ith regard to n h statement	novelty, inve	ntive step or	industrial ap	plicability;
1.	Stat	ement							
	Nov	elty (N)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-2,6-10				
	Inve	entive step (IS)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1,2,6-10				
	Indu	strial applicability (IA)	Yes:	Claims	1,2,6-10				





International application No. PCT/US00/17895

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations see separate sheet

### VII. Certain defects in the international application

The following defects in the form or contents of the international application have been noted: see separate sheet



### Re Item I

### Basis of the report

The documents mentioned in this International Preliminary Examination Report are numbered in accordance with the order they appear in the International Search Report.

The amendments filed with the letter of the 06.12.2000 do not contravene Article 19(2) PCT, insofar as they do not introduce any subject-matter which extends beyond the application as originally filed. They are thus admissible.

### Re Item III

Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability

The International Search Report has only been established only in relation with compounds of general formula I-1. Since the international preliminary examination report cannot be based upon matter that has not been searched, no opinion will be given for claims 3-5 and the opinion relating to claims 1 and 6-9 will assume that compounds of general formula I-1 alone are meant.

### Re Item V

Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

The present invention relates to a method for combatting pests from the Isoptera. Hymenoptera, Orthoptera and Psocoptera orders using a compound of general formula I-1. These methods are susceptible of industrial application, therefore the present application fulfills the criteria of Art.33(4) PCT.

D1 discloses a family of compounds that overlaps the formula I-1 according to the present invention. Specifically, the compounds 1-5 and 16-20 of D1 fall within the overlap. Eventually, D1 mentions a list of pests that can be controlled with such compounds, e.g. Isoptera, Hymenoptera and Orthoptera.

## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY

International application No. PCT/US00/17895

**EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET** 

D2 discloses a family of compounds that overlaps the formula I-1 according to the present invention and that are to be used to control various insect pests, but does not explicitly mention the Isoptera, Hymenoptera and Orthoptera.

D3 discloses a family of compounds that overlaps the formula I-1 according to the present invention. Specifically, compound 200 of D3 falls within the overlap. These compounds are used at a rate of 1-50000 g/ha. Eventually, D3 mentions a list of pests that can be controlled with such compounds, e.g. ants and termites.

D4 discloses a family of compounds that overlaps the formula I-1 according to the present invention. Specifically, compound 12 of D4 falls within the overlap. Eventually, D4 mentions a list of pests that can be controlled with such compounds, e.g. Isoptera, Hymenoptera and Orthoptera.

The present application does thus not fulfill the criteria of Article 33(2) PCT, because the claimed subject-matter is not new with respect to the prior art as defined in Rule 64(1) to (3) PCT (D1, D3 and D4). In this respect, the Applicant is reminded that when a prior art document provides an example within an overlap with the claimed scope, one skilled in the art is lead to work within said overlap. Thus, novelty can only be acknowledged when the whole overlapping range is removed from the scope of the claims.

The present application does not fulfill the criteria of Article 33(3) PCT either, because the claimed subject-matter does not involve an inventive step (Rule 65(1) and (2) PCT). If the finding of lack of novelty above could have been overcome, the technical problem underlying the remaining part(s) of the invention would be to find an alternative to the known methods for combatting Isoptera, Hymenoptera and Orthoptera. The solution is a priori obvious due to a structural analogy between the known compounds and those used in the possibly new claims. Moreover, the determination of a dose to use is within the normal skills of one skilled in the art. Furthermore, even if the order of Psocoptera is not mentioned in the prior art, the broad spectrum of activity that is disclosed for related species would have prompted one skilled in the art to test the questioned method on the Psocoptera as well with a reasonable expectation of success. In the absence of an objectively demonstrated surprising effect and/or of a prejudice to be overcome, the claimed solution is regarded as obvious.



## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY

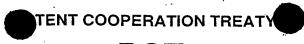
International application No. PCT/US00/17895

**EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET** 

### Re Item VII

### Certain defects in the international application

Contrary to the requirements of Rule 5.1(a)(ii) PCT, the relevant background art disclosed in the documents D1, D3 and D4 is not mentioned in the description, nor are these documents identified therein.







(PCT Article 18 and Rules 43 and 44)

Applicant's or agent's file reference AM100246/PCT	FOR FURTHER see Notification of Transmittal of International Search Report (Form PCT/ISA/220) as well as, where applicable, item 5 below.						
International application No.	International filing date (day/month/year)	(Earliest) Priority Date (day/month/year)					
PCT/US ρ0/17895	28/06/2000	05/07/1999					
Applicant							
AMERICAN CYANAMID COMPANY							
This International Search Report has bee according to Article 18. A copy is being tra	n prepared by this International Searching Aut ansmitted to the International Bureau.	nority and is transmitted to the applicant					
This International Search Report consists  It is also accompanied by	of a total of sheets. a copy of each prior art document cited in this	report.					
Basis of the report							
a. With regard to the language, the language in which it was filed, unl	international search was carried out on the ba ess otherwise indicated under this item.	sis of the international application in the					
the international search w Authority (Rule 23.1(b)).	vas carried out on the basis of a translation of t	he international application furnished to this					
was carried out on the basis of the	e sequence listing :	ternational application, the international search					
	contained in the international application in written form.						
	filed together with the international application in computer readable form.						
	furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form.  furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readble form.						
l <u>□</u> · · · ·	osequently furnished written sequence listing o	loes not go beyond the disclosure in the					
international application a	s filed has been furnished.						
the statement that the info furnished	ormation recorded in computer readable form i	s identical to the written sequence listing has been					
2. Certain claims were fou	nd unsearchable (See Box I).						
3. X Unity of invention is lac	king (see Box II).						
4. With regard to the <b>title</b> ,							
X the text is approved as su	bmitted by the applicant.						
the text has been establis	hed by this Authority to read as follows:						
	·						
5. With regard to the abstract,							
X the text is approved as su	bmitted by the applicant.						
the text has been establis within one month from the	hed, according to Rule 38.2(b), by this Authorie date of mailing of this international search rep	ty as it appears in Box III. The applicant may, port, submit comments to this Authority.					
6. The figure of the <b>drawings</b> to be publ	ished with the abstract is Figure No.						
as suggested by the appli	cant.	X None of the figures.					
because the applicant fail	ed to suggest a figure.						
because this figure better	characterizes the invention.	•					

ternational application No. PCT/US 00/17895

Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)
This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:
Claims Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
2. Claims Nos.: because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:
3. Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).
Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)
This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:
see additional sheet
As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.
2. As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:  1, 6, 7 (all partly)
Remark on Protest  The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.  No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

### FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

This International Searching Authority found multiple (groups of) inventions in this international application, as follows:

1. Claims: 1,6,7 (all partly) and 2

Ant controller and method of its application, involving a compound of general formula I-1

2. Claims: 1,6,7 (all partly) and 3

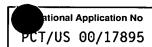
Ant controller and method of its application, involving a compound of general formula I-2

3. Claims: 1,6,7 (all partly) and 4

Ant controller and method of its application, involving a compound of general formula I-3

4. Claims: 1,6,7 (all partly) and 5

Ant controller and method of its application, involving a compound of general formula I-4



a. classification of subject matter IPC 7 A01N47/34 A01N37/44

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

### B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) I PC  $\,\,7\,$  A  $\,\,$  A  $\,\,$  0 1 N

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

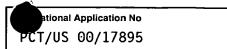
Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

CHEM ABS Data, WPI Data, EPO-Internal

0 92 06076 A (DU PONT) 6 April 1992 (1992-04-16) age 54, line 32 -page 55, line 17 claim 1; table A P 0 462 456 A (NIHON NOHYAKU CO LTD) 7 December 1991 (1991-12-27)	1,2,6,7
	1 2 6 7
ited in the application	1,2,6,7
0) 26 August 1992 (1992-08-26) age 38, line 55 -page 39, line 2; claim ; example 200 	1,2,6,7
	age 1; claim 1; example A004 P 0 500 111 A (ISHIHARA MINING & CHEMICAL 0) 26 August 1992 (1992-08-26) age 38, line 55 -page 39, line 2; claim ; example 200/

X Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	χ Patent family members are listed in annex.
<ul> <li>Special categories of cited documents:</li> <li>"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance</li> <li>"E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date</li> <li>"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)</li> <li>"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means</li> <li>"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed</li> </ul>	"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention  "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone  "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.  "&" document member of the same patent family
Date of the actual completion of the international search  28 August 2000	Date of mailing of the international search report  2.3. 11. 20
Name and mailing address of the ISA  European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2  NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk  Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl,  Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	Authorized officer  Bertrand, F

1



C (Continue	ntion) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	701/03 00/1/893
Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Calegory	Gradion of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	neievani lo cialin No.
x	WO 94 11340 A (NIPPON SODA CO ;KISHIMOTO TAKASHI (JP); MATSUDA MICHIHIKO (JP); HA) 26 May 1994 (1994-05-26) abstract; example 12	1,2
;		

1

on on patent family members

ntional Application No PCT/US 00/17895

Patent document cited in search repor	t	Publication date		nt family nber(s)	Publication date
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			EP	0553284 A	04-08-1993
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			AU	5433794 A	08-06-1994

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY
PCT

## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's	plicant's or agent's file reference  See Notification of Transmittal of Internation		tion of Transmittal of International					
AM1002	46/PCT	FOR FURTHER ACTION	ACTION Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/41					
	al application No.	International filing date (day/month	v/year)	Priority date (day/month/year)				
PCT/US	00/17895	28/06/2000		05/07/1999				
1	al Patent Classification (IPC) or na	ational classification and IPC						
A01N47/	34							
Applicant	•							
AMERIC	AN CYANAMID COMPANY	Y et al.						
	nternational preliminary exams transmitted to the applicant a		by this Interr	national Preliminary Examining Authority				
				•				
2. This	REPORT consists of a total of	7 sheets, including this cover s	neet.					
				, claims and/or drawings which have tifications made before this Authority				
(:	see Rule 70.16 and Section 6	07 of the Administrative Instruction	ons under the	PCT).				
These	e annexes consist of a total of	sheets.						
			-					
3. This	3. This report contains indications relating to the following items:							
į į	☑ Basis of the report							
11	☐ Priority							
##	_	pinion with regard to novelty, inv	entive step ar	nd industrial applicability				
IV	Lack of unity of invention							
V	☑ Reasoned statement use citations and explanations  in the property of t	nder Article 35(2) with regard to a ons suporting such statement	novelty, invent	tive step or industrial applicability;				
VI	☐ Certain documents cite	, •						
VII	☑ Certain defects in the in	nternational application						
VIII	☐ Certain observations or	n the international application						
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<del></del>						
Date of sub	mission of the demand	Date of c	completion of the	nis report				
13/01/20	01	16.10.20	16.10.2001					
	mailing address of the international examining authority:	ul Authoriz	ed officer	BONECOES PAIGUE				
31	European Patent Office							
<i>)))</i>	D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 523656	Bertrar	nd, F	(8531 See 14.6)				
	Fax: +49 89 2399 - 4465	· '	ne No. +49 89 2	2399 8606				
<del></del>		<del></del>		<del></del>				



i.	Basi	is c	of t	the	e re	a c	ort

1.	the and	With regard to the <b>elements</b> of the international application (Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17)): <b>Description, pages:</b>						
	1-3	4	as originally filed	-				
	Cla	nims, No.:						
	1-1	0	as received on	13/01/2001	with letter of	06/12/2000		
2.	lan	guage in which the i	juage, all the elements marke international application was available or fumished to this A	filed, unless othe	erwise indicated ι	inder this item.		
		the language of pu	translation furnished for the publication of the international stranslation furnished for the p	application (und	er Rule 48.3(b)).			
3.	3. With regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the international preliminary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:							
		□ contained in the international application in written form.						
	☐ filed together with the international application in computer readable form.							
	☐ furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form.							
		furnished subsequ	ently to this Authority in comp	outer readable fo	orm.			
The statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the international application as filed has been furnished.						go beyond the disclosure in		
		The statement that listing has been ful	the information recorded in omished.	computer readal	ole form is identica	al to the written sequence		
4.	The	amendments have	resulted in the cancellation of	of:				
		the description,	pages:					
		the claims,	Nos.:			•		
		the drawings,	sheets:					
5.		This report has bee	en established as if (some of) eyond the disclosure as filed	the amendmen (Rule 70.2(c)):	its had not been n	nade, since they have been		



(Any replacement sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this report.)

6. Additional observations, if necessary: see separate sheet III. Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability 1. The questions whether the claimed invention appears to be novel, to involve an inventive step (to be nonobvious), or to be industrially applicable have not been examined in respect of: ☐ the entire international application. claims Nos. 1(part), 3-5, 6-9(part). because: the said international application, or the said claims Nos. relate to the following subject matter which does not require an international preliminary examination (specify): the description, claims or drawings (indicate particular elements below) or said claims Nos. are so unclear that no meaningful opinion could be formed (specify): the claims, or said claims Nos. are so inadequately supported by the description that no meaningful opinion could be formed. no international search report has been established for the said claims Nos. 1(part), 3-5, 6-9(part). 2. A meaningful international preliminary examination cannot be carried out due to the failure of the nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence listing to comply with the standard provided for in Annex C of the Administrative Instructions: the written form has not been furnished or does not comply with the standard. the computer readable form has not been furnished or does not comply with the standard. V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement 1. Statement Novelty (N) Yes: Claims Claims No: 1-2,6-10 Inventive step (IS) Yes: Claims No: Claims 1,2,6-10 Industrial applicability (IA) Yes: Claims 1,2,6-10

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations see separate sheet

### VII. Certain defects in the international application

The following defects in the form or contents of the international application have been noted: see separate sheet

### Re Item I

### Basis of the report

The documents mentioned in this International Preliminary Examination Report are numbered in accordance with the order they appear in the International Search Report.

The amendments filed with the letter of the 06.12.2000 do not contravene Article 19(2) PCT, insofar as they do not introduce any subject-matter which extends beyond the application as originally filed. They are thus admissible.

### Re Item III

Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability

The International Search Report has only been established only in relation with compounds of general formula I-1. Since the international preliminary examination report cannot be based upon matter that has not been searched, no opinion will be given for claims 3-5 and the opinion relating to claims 1 and 6-9 will assume that compounds of general formula I-1 alone are meant.

### Re Item V

Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

The present invention relates to a method for combatting pests from the Isoptera, Hymenoptera, Orthoptera and Psocoptera orders using a compound of general formula I-1. These methods are susceptible of industrial application, therefore the present application fulfills the criteria of Art.33(4) PCT.

D1 discloses a family of compounds that overlaps the formula I-1 according to the present invention. Specifically, the compounds 1-5 and 16-20 of D1 fall within the overlap. Eventually, D1 mentions a list of pests that can be controlled with such compounds, e.g. Isoptera, Hymenoptera and Orthoptera.

D2 discloses a family of compounds that overlaps the formula I-1 according to the present invention and that are to be used to control various insect pests, but does not explicitly mention the Isoptera, Hymenoptera and Orthoptera.

D3 discloses a family of compounds that overlaps the formula I-1 according to the present invention. Specifically, compound 200 of D3 falls within the overlap. These compounds are used at a rate of 1-50000 g/ha. Eventually, D3 mentions a list of pests that can be controlled with such compounds, e.g. ants and termites.

D4 discloses a family of compounds that overlaps the formula I-1 according to the present invention. Specifically, compound 12 of D4 falls within the overlap. Eventually, D4 mentions a list of pests that can be controlled with such compounds, e.g. Isoptera, Hymenoptera and Orthoptera.

The present application does thus not fulfill the criteria of Article 33(2) PCT, because the claimed subject-matter is not new with respect to the prior art as defined in Rule 64(1) to (3) PCT (D1, D3 and D4). In this respect, the Applicant is reminded that when a prior art document provides an example within an overlap with the claimed scope, one skilled in the art is lead to work within said overlap. Thus, novelty can only be acknowledged when the whole overlapping range is removed from the scope of the claims.

The present application does not fulfill the criteria of Article 33(3) PCT either, because the claimed subject-matter does not involve an inventive step (Rule 65(1) and (2) PCT). If the finding of lack of novelty above could have been overcome, the technical problem underlying the remaining part(s) of the invention would be to find an alternative to the known methods for combatting Isoptera, Hymenoptera and Orthoptera. The solution is a priori obvious due to a structural analogy between the known compounds and those used in the possibly new claims. Moreover, the determination of a dose to use is within the normal skills of one skilled in the art. Furthermore, even if the order of Psocoptera is not mentioned in the prior art, the broad spectrum of activity that is disclosed for related species would have prompted one skilled in the art to test the questioned method on the Psocoptera as well with a reasonable expectation of success. In the absence of an objectively demonstrated surprising effect and/or of a prejudice to be overcome, the claimed solution is regarded as obvious.

### Re Item VII

### Certain defects in the international application

Contrary to the requirements of Rule 5.1(a)(ii) PCT, the relevant background art disclosed in the documents D1, D3 and D4 is not mentioned in the description, nor are these documents identified therein.

## (19) World Intellectual Property Organization International Bureau



## 

### (43) International Publication Date 11 January 2001 (11.01.2001)

### **PCT**

## (10) International Publication Number WO 01/01781 A1

- (51) International Patent Classification<sup>7</sup>: 37/44
- A01N 47/34,
- (21) International Application Number:
- ber: PCT/US00/17895
- (22) International Filing Date:
- 28 June 2000 (28.06.2000)
- (25) Filing Language:

**English** 

(26) Publication Language:

English

(30) Priority Data:

11/190671

5 July 1999 (05.07.1999) IP

- (71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): AMERICAN CYANAMID COMPANY [US/US]; Five Giralda Farms, Madison, NJ 07940 (US).
- (72) Inventors; and
- (75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only):/TAKAGI, Kazuhiro [JP/JP]; 4-12-10-1124, Kitahorie, Nishi-ku, Oşaka-shi, Osaka-fu (JP). WADA, Yasuhiro [JP/JP]; 3-982-7, Higashi-ikejiri, Osakasayama-shi, Osaka-fu (JP). AMAGUCHI, Rikio [JP/JP]; 2-5-202, Honmachi, Kawachinagano-shi, Osaka-fu (JP).

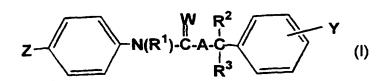
- (74) Agents: HOGAN, John, W. et al.; American Home Products Corporation, Patent Law Dept. 2B2, One Campus Drive, Parsippany, NJ 07054 (US).
- (81) Designated States (national): AT, AU, BR, CA, CH, CR, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, HU, IL, IN, KE, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, SE, TR, US, ZA, ZW.
- (84) Designated States (regional): ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

#### Published:

- With international search report.
- Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of receipt of amendments.

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

(54) Title: ANT CONTROLLERS AND METHOD FOR APPLICATION THEREOF



$$-N(R^4)-N=C--N(R^4)-N(R^5)-CH--C(R^4)=N-N--CH(R^4)-NH-N-$$
(III)
(IV)
(V)

(57) Abstract: The present invention provides an excellent ant controller for protecting wooden materials such as trees, board fences, sleepers, etc. and structures such as shrines, temples, houses, outhouses, factories, etc. from termites, and for controlling ants doing harm to crops or humans, which contains as active ingredient thereof a hydrazine derivative represented by general formula (I) [wherein A represents one of formulas (II), (III), (IV), and (V), (wherein R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> are H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, etc.; X is 1 to 5 substituents selected from H, halogen and (halo) C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl); R<sup>1</sup> is H or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl; R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are H, OH, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, phenylcarbonyl, etc.; Y is 1 to 5 substituents selected from H, halogen, nitro and cyano; Z is halogen, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, etc.; and W is O or S]; and a method for application of the ant controller.



WO 01/01781 PCT/US00/17895

# ANT CONTROLLERS AND METHOD FOR APPLICATION THEREOF

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# BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to novel ant controller containing a hydrazine derivative as an active ingredient and to a method for application of the ant controller.

#### RELATED ART

The hydrazine derivatives represented by the 15 formula (I) which can be used as active ingredient of the ant controllers of the present invention are known compounds disclosed in JP-A-5-4958, JP-A-5-17428, JP-A-5-32603, JP-A-5-262712, etc. In these patents, it is described that these derivatives have an insecticidal 20 activity as agrihorticultuarl insecticides against LEPIDOPTERA such as diamondback moth, rice leafroller, etc., HEMIPTERA such as tea green leafhopper, pear lace bug, etc., COLEOPTERA such as twenty-eight-spotted ladybird, maize weevil, etc., DIPTERA such as melon fly, 25 house fly, house mosquito, etc., and TYLENCHIDA such as coffee root-lesion nematode, root-knot nematode, etc.

Any of these patent gazettes, however, does neither describe nor suggest that said hydrazine derivatives have a marked insecticidal effect against

ISOPTERA such as formosan subterranean termite, kolbe, etc., HYMENOPTERA such as cabbage sawfly, Carpenter ant, etc., ORTHOPTERA such as Japanese cockroach, field cricket, rice grasshopper, etc., and PSOCOPTERA such as large pale booklouse, etc.

10 SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present inventors have conducted extensive studies with the aim of creating a novel ant controller having a marked controlling effect upon ants doing harm to the wooden materials constituting houses, furniture, etc. or crops and human being. As a result, it has been found that some of the hydrazine derivatives described in the above-mentioned prior art have a marked insecticidal effect upon termites and ants. The present invention has been accomplished on the basis of this findings.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to ant

controllers containing as active ingredient thereof a

hydrazine derivative represented by the following

formula (I) and method for application of the ant

controllers:

$$Z = \begin{bmatrix} W & R^2 \\ -N(R^1)-C-A-C & Y \\ R^3 & Y \end{bmatrix}$$
 (I)

wherein A represents:

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5 (wherein  $R^4$  represents hydrogen atom or  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group, and X represents 1 to 5, same or different substituents selected from the group consisting of hydrogen atom, halogen atom,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group and halo  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group),

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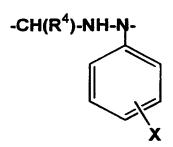
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wherein  $R^4$  and X are as defined above, and  $R^5$  represents hydrogen atom,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkylcarbonyl group or phenylcarbonyl group which may have 1 to 2, same or different substituents selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl groups),

(wherein  $R^4$  and X are as defined above), or

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(wherein R4 and X are as defined above);

 $R^1$  represents hydrogen atom or  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group;

 $R^2$  and  $R^3$ , which may be same or different, represent hydrogen atom, hydroxyl group,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy group,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkylcarbonyl group or phenylcarbonyl group;

Y represents 1 to 5, same or different substituents selected from the group consisting of hydrogen atom, halogen atom, nitro group and cyano group;

2 represents halogen atom, cyano group, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl group, halo C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl group, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy group, halo C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy group, halo C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylsulfinyl group or halo C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylsulfonyl group; and

W represents oxygen atom or sulfur atom.

The ant controller of the present invention is an excellent ant controller for protecting wooden materials such as trees, board fences, sleepers, etc. and buildings such as shrines, temples, houses, outhouses, factories, etc. from ants such as termites, and for controlling ants doing harm to crops or human being.

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In the definition of the formula (I) shown 5 above, the term "halogen atom" means chlorine atom, bromine atom, iodine atom and fluorine atom; the term "C1-C6 alkyl" means a straight or branched chain alkyl group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms; and the term "halo Ci-C, alkyl" means an alkyl group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms 10 substituted with at least one, same or different halogen atoms.

Preferable examples of the hydrazine derivative represented by the formula (I) of the present invention are the hydrazine derivatives represented by the formulas (I-1) and (I-2) as mentioned below. Preferable examples of each substituent of the hydrazine derivatives of formulas (I-1) and (I-2) are the compounds wherein W is oxygen atom, X is trifluoromethyl group, Y is cyano group, Z is trifluoromethoxy group, and each of  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  is simultaneously a hydrogen atom. More preferable examples are the compounds wherein X is substituted on the 3-position, and Y is substituted on the 4-position of the phenyl ring.

Most preferable example is the hydrazine derivative represented by the formula (I-1), wherein each of  $R^2$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  is simultaneously a hydrogen atom, X is trifluoromethyl group substituted on the 3position of the phenyl ring, Y is cyano group substituted on the 4-position of the phenyl ring, and Z 30 is trifluoromethoxy group.

Typical examples of the hydrazine derivative

represented by the formula (I) used as an active ingredient of the ant controller of the present invention are shown in Table 1 to Table 4, but the present invention is by no means limited to the compounds exemplified herein.

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•	T-T
١	) B
•	mnT
	For

		[] dw	199	149	206	197	217	128	116
		3	0	0	0	0	0	ဟ	S
		2	C1	OCF	C1	OCF3	C1	C	OCF3
> <del>E</del>		Y	н	x	4-C1	4-C1	4-CN	4-CN	4-CN
-0-ik		×	ж	н	Ħ	x	¥	æ	æ
×		R4	н	Ħ	Ħ	H	×	x	I
W N(R <sup>1</sup> )-C-N(R <sup>4</sup> )-N=C-		R³	н	I	I	I	ж	エ	æ
Ž		R <sup>2</sup>	H	ж	1-1-0 2-1-1	buged paint	Ħ	I	×
Z		-Z	£	ж	ж	H	· I	I	×
	Table 1	No.		5	m	4	Ŋ	9	7
		<u> </u>							_

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[] dw	214	E-form	159	Z-form	222	206	189	139	200	212	201	206	
3	0		0		0	w	0	တ	0	0	0	0	
2	OCF		OCF3		CI	C1	OCF	OCF	SCF3	OCF3	OCF3	CJ	
Y	4-CN		4-CN		4-NO <sub>2</sub>	×	4-C1	4 - CN					
×	Ħ		Ħ		Ħ	Ħ	Ħ	I	×	3-C1	3-C1	3-C1	
R	æ		×		H	н	×	Ħ	Ħ	H	Ħ	H	
R³	Н		I		н	I	æ	Ħ	×	Ħ	н	H	
R <sup>2</sup>	×		I		z.	I	I	I	<b>T</b>	Ξ	Ħ	Ħ	
"R	H		#		н	Ħ	6-7-6 200-4	I	Ξ	<b>=</b>	Ħ	Ξ	
No.	8		6		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	

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[] dw	187	E-form	148	Z-form	199	215	205	212	191	209	205	176	206	
3	0		0		ß	0	0	0	0	0	,	0	0	
2	OCF3		OCF3		OCF	SCF3	SOCF3	SO2CF3	C1	OCF	C1	OCF3	SCF3	
Y	4-CN		4-CN		4-CN	4-CN	4-CN	4-CN	н	Ħ	4-CN	4-CN	4-CN	
×	3-C1	-	3-C1		3-C1	3-c1	3-C1	3-C1	3-Br	3-Br	3-Br	3-Br	3-Br	
R4	Н		I		ж	x	Н	н	Ħ	Ħ	Ħ	H	Ħ	
R3	H		н		Н	ĸ	ж	ж	×	ж	Ξ	<b>x</b>	Œ	
R <sup>2</sup>	I		Ξ		æ	H	н	н	н	н	×	æ	ж	
-w	æ		x		I	Ħ	×	Œ	Ħ	н	æ	H	π	
NO.	18		19		20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	

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O du	216	215	206	200	191	208	202	213	201	185	198	200	189	
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2	SOCE	SOCE	C1	OCF	OCF	C1	OCF3	C1	OCF3	CI	OCF3	C1	OCF3	
7	4-CN	4-CN	I	I	4-C1	4-C1	4-CN	4-CN	4 - CN	ж	x	4-CN	4-CN	
×	3-Br	3-Br	3-F	3-F	3-F	3-F	3-5	3-I	3-I	3-CH <sub>3</sub>	3-CH3	3-CH <sub>3</sub>	3-CH <sub>3</sub>	
Α.	Ħ	H	Ħ	н	I	Ħ	Ħ	н	Ħ	Æ	Ħ.	Ħ	I	
R³	H	ж	H	H	H	н	Ħ	Ħ	Н	н	Н	Н	Ħ	
R <sup>2</sup>	Н	I	x	Ξ	×	Ħ	Ħ	Ħ	H	н	Ħ	×	æ	
R <sub>1</sub>	н	H	I	H	I	I	н	m	н	н	н	æ	н	
No.	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	

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□ ďw	206	210	191	149	132	108	86	82	115	EZ-form	95	E-form	99	Z-form
W	0	0	0	S	0	0	0	0	0	-	0		0	
2	C1	OCF3	OCF	OCF	CI	OCF,	C1	Br	OCF3		OCF3		OCF	
Y	Ħ	æ	4-CN	4-CN	H	×	Ħ	н	Ħ		н		н	
×	3-CF3	3-CF3	3-CF3	3-CF3	Ξ	on year	æ	Ħ	ж		н		Н	
R4	Ħ	Ħ	Ħ	<b>=</b>	Ħ	Ħ	×	æ	н		н		н	
R <sup>3</sup>	Ħ	Ħ	Ħ	I	Ξ	H	Ħ	н	×		æ		H	
R <sup>2</sup>	ж	ш	H	Ħ	purd pales	X	CH3	CH3	СН3		СН3		CH3	-
R1	H	Œ	I	Ħ	CH,	CH,	I	x	Ħ		Ħ		н	
No.	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	20		51		52	

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L) dw	121	105	140	86	188	170	Viscous	185	E-form	95	2-form	Viscous	113	164	118
X	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0		0	0	0	S
2	C.1	OCF3	C1	OCF3	C1	OCF3	C1	OCF		OCF		C1	OCF3	C1	OCF
Y	4-C1	4-C1	4-CN	4-CN	ж	I	4-C1	4-C1		4-C1		4-CN	4-CN	æ	ж
×	н	Ħ	3-C1	3-C1	×	<b>=</b>	Ħ	×		æ		H	æ	ж	Н
R4	×	×	Ħ	Ħ	×	Ħ	æ	H		H		н	н	н	н
R³	H	ж	H	×	НО	НО	НО	НО		НО		НО	НО	СН	CH3
R <sup>2</sup>	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	I	ĸ	ĸ	I		Ħ		=	×	ж	H
	H	ж	I	Ħ	æ	Ħ	æ	н		н		==	I	Ħ	Ħ
CN	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	09		61		62	63	64	65

□ dw M	0 183	0 181	0 155	0 193	0 176	0 184	0   182	0 168	0 115	0 130	0 214	0 214	0 165	
2	CJ (	OCF3	C1		·	OCF,	OCF3	OCF3	C1	OCF3	SCF	SOCF	SO <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	
Ϋ́	æ	Ħ	I	H	<b>I</b> I	=	æ.	×	±.	ж	4 - CN	4 - CN	4-CN	
×	Н	Æ	Œ	H	æ	æ	I	Ħ	#	×	3-F	3-5	4 – F	
R4	н	Ħ	Ħ	<b>.</b>	I	<b>7</b>	# 	Ħ	CH3	CH3	Ħ	×	Ħ	
R <sup>3</sup>	OCH <sub>3</sub>	OCH <sub>3</sub>	OC <sub>3</sub> H <sub>1</sub> -i	OC,H,-i	OC₄H9−i	0C4H,- i	0-CO-CH <sub>3</sub>	o-co-Ph	НО	НО	Ħ	Ξ	Ħ	
R <sup>2</sup>	Н	Ħ	<b>x</b>	<b>H</b>	<b></b>	=	<b></b>	<b>H</b>	Ξ	I	×	<b>#</b>	ж	-
R.	H	Œ	×	н	#	<b>=</b>	<b>=</b>	Œ	<b>=</b>	x	Ħ	H	エ	
No.	99	67	89	69	70	7.1	72	73	74	75	91	77	78	

Table 1 (Cont'd)

Table 1 (Cont'd)

O dw	215	210	152	Z-form	165	
3	0	0	0		0	
2	SCF,	SOCF3	OCF3		CJ	
Ý	4 – CN	4-CN	4-CN		4-CN	
×	3-CF3	3-CF3	3-CF3		3-CF3	
R⁴	Н	Ħ	Ħ		Ħ	
R³	Н	Ħ	Ħ		×	
R <sup>2</sup>	×	н	<b>H</b>		×	
R1	H	æ	н		Ħ	
No.	80	81	82		83	

Note: Ph is phenyl group.

Formula (I-2)

Table 2 (R¹ and R³ are hydrogen atoms)

[] dw	211	194	209	204	203	203	176	1
М	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2	CI	OCF3	OCF	OCF	OCF	OCF3	OCF	
Y	x	I	4-C1	4-CN	4-NO <sub>2</sub>	4-C1	4-C1	
×	x	<b>x</b>	æ	ĸ	×	3-5	3-C1	
R <sup>5</sup>	Ξ	I	ĸ	H	<b>E</b>	Ħ	н	
R4	н	Ħ	I	Ħ	Ħ	н	H	
R <sup>2</sup>	ж	I	Ξ	H	æ	Ħ	н	
No.	84	85	98	87	88	68	06	

No.	R <sup>2</sup>	ዄ	R <sup>5</sup>	×	Y	2	W	[] du
91	н	×	н	3-C1	4-CN	OCF3	0	193
92	×	н	н	3-C1	4-CN	SCF	0	177
93	æ	н	Ħ	3-C1	4-CN	SOCF	0	178
94	æ	н	Ħ	3-01	4-CN	SO2CF	0	170
95	ᠴ	H	Ħ	3-Br	4-CN	OCF3	0	187
96	Ħ	н	*	3-CF3	4-CN	OCF3	0	165
97	Ħ	н	×	3-CF3	4-CN	$SCF_3$	0	164
86	ж	н	×	<b>=</b>	4-C1	OCF,	်လ	171
66	Ħ	н	Œ	3-C1	4-CN	OCF3	တ	149
100	æ	#	==	3-CF3	4-CN	OCF.	တ	209
101	x	Ħ	CO-CH3	3-01	4-CN	OCF3	0	178
102	Ħ	ж	CO-Ph	3-C1	4-CN	OCF3	0	221

Table 2 (Cont'd)

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[] dw	201	190	195	183	186	156	209	233	201	176	197	189	
W	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	
2	OCF3	OCF3	C1	OCF,	OCF	OCF 3	OCF	C1	OCF <sub>3</sub>	OCF3	OCF,	OCF3	
7	4-CN	Ħ	Ħ	Ħ	ж	4-CN	4-1	4-Br	4-Br	3-CN	2-NO <sub>2</sub>	4-CN	
×	3-C1	x	ж	ж	ж	3-C1	I	I	×	×	×	S -	
R <sup>5</sup>	CONHC2H5	x	¤	x	Ï	I	Ħ	Ħ	н	Ħ	×	н	
<b>₽</b>	Ħ	НО	осн	OCH <sub>3</sub>	OCH <sub>3</sub>	H	н	н	н	Ħ	ĸ	æ	
R <sup>2</sup>	H	#	Ħ	Ħ	Ħ	CH <sub>3</sub>	Ξ	Ħ	Ħ	Ħ	Ħ	н	
No.	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	

Table 2 (Cont'd)

189	166	131	(-)-Isomer	126	(+)-Isomer	Glassy	Glassy	120	
0	0	0		0	_	0	0	0	
SCF3	SOCF3	OCF.3		OCF3		SOCF	SO <sub>2</sub> CF,	OCF,	
4-CN	4-CN	4-CN		4-CN		4-CN	4-CN	3-CN	
3-F	3-F	3-CF3		3-CF3		3-CE3	3-CF3	Ŧ	
Н	Н	H		æ		E	I	<b>=</b>	
Н	ж	н		ж		ж	I	<b>#</b>	
н	Ħ	×		×		×	I	×	
115	116	117		118		119	120	121	
	H H 3-F 4-CN SCF <sub>3</sub> O	H H H 3-F 4-CN SCF <sub>3</sub> O H H H 3-F 4-CN SOCF <sub>3</sub> O	H H 3-F 4-CN SCF <sub>3</sub> O H H H 3-CF <sub>3</sub> 0 OCF <sub>3</sub> O	H H H 3-F 4-CN SCF <sub>3</sub> 0 H H 3-F 4-CN SOCF <sub>3</sub> 0 H H 3-CF <sub>3</sub> 4-CN OCF <sub>3</sub> 0	H H 3-F 4-CN SCF <sub>3</sub> 0 H H 3-CF <sub>3</sub> 4-CN SCCF <sub>3</sub> 0 H H H 3-CF <sub>3</sub> 4-CN OCF <sub>3</sub> 0	H H H 3-F 4-CN SCF <sub>3</sub> O H H H 3-CF <sub>3</sub> 4-CN OCF <sub>3</sub> O H H H 3-CF <sub>3</sub> 4-CN OCF <sub>3</sub> O	H H H 3-F 4-CN SCF <sub>3</sub> 0 H H H 3-CF <sub>3</sub> 4-CN OCF <sub>3</sub> 0 H H H 3-CF <sub>3</sub> 4-CN OCF <sub>3</sub> 0 H H H 3-CF <sub>3</sub> 4-CN OCF <sub>3</sub> 0	H H H 3-F 4-CN SCF <sub>3</sub> 0 H H H 3-CF <sub>3</sub> 4-CN SCF <sub>3</sub> 0 H H H H 3-CF <sub>3</sub> 4-CN OCF <sub>3</sub> 0 H H H H 3-CF <sub>3</sub> 4-CN OCF <sub>3</sub> 0 H H H H 3-CF <sub>3</sub> 4-CN SCCF <sub>3</sub> 0	H H H 3-F 4-CN SCF <sub>3</sub> 0 H H H 3-CF <sub>3</sub> 4-CN SOCF <sub>3</sub> 0 H H H 3-CF <sub>3</sub> 4-CN OCF <sub>3</sub> 0 H H H 3-CF <sub>3</sub> 4-CN OCF <sub>3</sub> 0 H H H 3-CF <sub>3</sub> 4-CN SOCF <sub>3</sub> 0 H H H 3-CF <sub>3</sub> 4-CN SOCF <sub>3</sub> 0

Note: Ph is phenyl group.

Compounds 106 and 107 are diasteromers.

Compound 106 is higher than Compound 107 in the Rf value.

$$Z \longrightarrow N(R^1)-C-C(R^4)=N-N-C$$

$$R^2$$

$$R^3$$

$$(1-3)$$

Table 3 ( $R^2$  and  $R^3$  are hydrogen atoms, and W is oxygen atom.)

No	R <sup>:</sup>	R <sup>‡</sup>	х	Y	Z	mp □, Refractive index
122	Н	Н	н	Н	OCF₃	113.3-114.0
123	н	Н	Н	4-Cl	OCF <sub>3</sub>	137.8
124	Н	Н	Н	4-CN	Cl	163
125	н	н	H	4-CN	OCF₃	138
126	н	н	3-C1	4-Cl	Cl	143.5-144.0
127	Н	H	3-C1	4-Cl	OCF <sub>3</sub>	139.6-141.5
128	Н	Н	3-C1	4-NO2	Cl	174.0-176.5
129	Н	н	3-C1	4-NO2	OCF <sub>3</sub>	151.6-151.7
130	н	Н	3-C1	4-CN	Cl	191.0-192.0
131	Н	Н	3-C1	4-CN	OCF <sub>3</sub>	160.5-162.0
132	Н	н	3-C1	4-CN	SCF <sub>3</sub>	188.0
133	Н	Н	3-C1	4-CN	SOCF₃	206.1
134	Н	Н	3-F	4-CN	Cl	154-156
135	Н	Н	3-F	4-CN	OCF3	155.9-156.8

Table 3 (Cont'd)

No	R <sup>1</sup>	R⁴	Х	Y	Z	mp □, Refractive index
136	Н	Н	3-CH <sub>3</sub>	4-CN	Cl	127
137	Н	Н	3-CH <sub>3</sub>	4-CN	OCF <sub>3</sub>	166
138	Н	H	3-CF <sub>3</sub>	4-CN	Cl	164-165
139	Н	н	3-CF <sub>3</sub>	4-CN	OCF <sub>3</sub>	151.0
140	н	CH₃	3-C1	4-CN	OCF <sub>3</sub>	nD 1.5950 (2500
141	CH₃	Н	3-CF <sub>3</sub>	4-CN	Cl	209-211
142	Н	H	3-C1	2-CN	OCF <sub>3</sub>	148

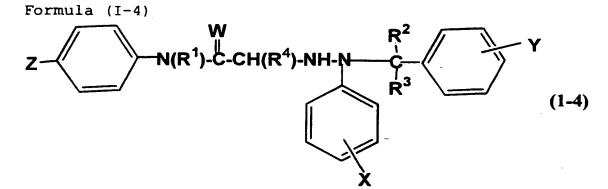


Table 4 ( $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  are hydrogen atoms.)

	<u> </u>	<del>,                                    </del>	<del></del>	
No	х	Y	Z	mp □, Refractive index
143	н	н	OCF <sub>3</sub>	51.0-53.0
144	н	4-Cl	OCF <sub>3</sub>	92.1
145	н	4-CN	Cl	106-108
146	Н	4-CN	OCF <sub>3</sub>	nD 1.5685 (27□)
147	3-Cl	4-Cl	Cl	105.3-106.4
148	3-C1	4-Cl	OCF <sub>3</sub>	38.0
149	3-C1	4-NO2	Cl	Viscous
150	3-C1	4-NO2	OCF <sub>3</sub>	Viscous
151	3-Cl	4-CN	Cl	153.1
152	3-C1	4-CN	OCF <sub>3</sub>	43.5-45.0
153	3-F	4-CN	Cl	164-165
154	3-F	4-CN	OCF <sub>3</sub>	nD 1.5615 (27🗆)
155	3-CH <sub>3</sub>	4-CN	Cl	138-139
156	3-CH <sub>3</sub>	4-CN	OCF <sub>3</sub>	nD 1.5315 (28🗆)
157	3-CF <sub>3</sub>	4-CN	cı	43
158	3-CF <sub>3</sub>	4-CN	OCF <sub>3</sub>	153.1

Some of the compounds shown in Tables 1 to 4 are viscous or glassy substances. Their  ${}^1H\text{-NMR}$  data are summarized in Table 5.

Table 5

<u> </u>	
No	'H-NMR[CDCl <sub>3</sub> /TMS, δ (ppm)]
59	6.29 (s, 1H), 7.65-7.92 (m, 13H), 9.14 (bs, 1H),
	10.70 (bs, 1H). (DMSO-d <sub>6</sub> )
62	3.88 (bs, 1H), 3.87 (s, 1H), 6.91-7.55 (m, 13H),
	7.73 (s, 1H), 8.13 (bs, 1H).
119	3.12 (dd, 1H), 3.23 (dd, 1H), 4.12-4.32 (m, 2H),
	6.13 (bs, 1H), 7.24-7.93 (m, 12H), 8.08 (bs, 1H).
120	3.11 (dd, 1H), 3.23 (dd, 1H), 4.13-4.28 (m, 2H),
	5.97 (s, 1H), 7.25-7.75 (m, 12H), 7.90-8.00 (bs,
	1H).
149	3.65 (d, 2H), 4.20 (t, 1H), 4.70 (s, 2H), 6.85 (dd,
	1H), 6.93 (dd, 1H), 7.08 (dd, 1H), 7.15-7.21 (m,
	3H), 7.24 (d, 2H), 7.40 (d, 2H), 8.13 (d, 2H), 8.40
	(s, 1H).
150	3.64 (s, 2H), 4.69 (s, 2H), 6.84 (dd, 1H), 6.94
	(dd, 1H), 7.09 (m, 3H), 7.23 (t, 1H), 7.29 (d, 2H),
	7.40 (d, 2H), 8.12 (d, 2H), 8.40 (s, 1H).
	•

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5 The ant controller of the present invention exhibits a markedly high killing effect at a low dosage upon all the termites doing harm to houses, construction materials, furniture, leathers, fibers, vinyl articles, electric wires and cables, for example, RHINOTERMITIDAE 10 including Coptotermes formosanus Shiraki, Reticulitermes speratus (Kolbe), Reticulitermes hesperus which inhabits the North America, Reticulitermes tibialis, Reticulitermes flavipes, Reticulitermes lucifugus which inhabits the shore of the Mediterranean, Reticulitermes 15 santonensis, Incisitermes minor (Hagen), TERMITIDAE including Odontotermes formosanus (Shiraki), KALOTERMITIDAE including Cryptotermes domesticus (Haviland), TERMOPSIDAE including Hodotermopsis japonica (Holmgren), etc.

- Further, the ant controller of the present invention exhibits a markedly high killing effect at a low dosage upon all the ants doing harm to crops, or to human being when the ants invade into houses and public facilities such as parks, for example, FORMICIDAE
- including Monomorium pharaonis Linne, Monomorium nipponense Wheelex, Camponotus kiusiuensis Santschi, Formica japonica Motschulsky, Lasius fuliginosus (Latreille), Solenopsis richteri, Solenopsis invicta, Solenopsis geminata (Fireant), etc.
- For using the ant controller of the present invention containing the hydrazine derivative of formula (I) as an active ingredient efficiently, the ant

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ontroller is formulated with a proper solid carrier and/or liquid carrier. If necessary, it is formulated with auxiliaries in a proper proportion according to the conventional recipe of formulation, and homogenized together with the carrier by the method of dissolution,

suspension, mixing, impregnation, adsorption or adhesion, so as to be made it into an appropriate preparation form such as oily solution, emulsifiable concentrate, solubilized concentrate, dust, granule, wettable powder, aerosol, fumigant, flowable preparation

or the like. It is also possible to form the termite controller into a bait preparation by compounding it with a bait containing an attractant or the like.

As the solid carrier used in the present invention, there can be exemplified clays such as 20 kaolin, bentonite, acid clay and the like; talcs such as talc, pyrophillite and the like; silica materials such as diatomaceous earth, siliceous sand, mica, synthetic silicate, synthetic high-dispersion silica and the like; and inorganic mineral powders such as pumice, sand and 25 the like; organic matters such as pieces of wood, chips of pulp wood, grain flour, sugars and the like. As the liquid carrier, there can be exemplified alcohols such as methyl alcohol, ethyl alcohol, ethylene glycol and the like; ketones such as acetone, methyl ethyl ketone, 30 cyclohexanone and the like; ethers such as ethyl ether, dioxane, tetrahydrofuran, Cellosolves and the like; aliphatic hydrocarbons such as light oil, kerosene and

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the like; aromatic hydrocarbons such as benzene, toluene, xylene, solvent naphtha, cyclohexanone, methylnaphthalene and the like; and halogenated hydrocarbons such as chloroform, carbon tetrachloride, chlorobenzene and the like. These solid and liquid carriers may be used either alone or in the form of a mixture.

- 25 <del>-</del>

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As the auxiliaries which can be used in the present invention, surfactants, dispersants, sticking agents, etc. can be referred to. As the surfactants, there can be exemplified polyoxyethylene alkylaryl ethers, polyoxyethylene sorbitan monolaurates, alkylaryl sorbitan monolaurates, alkylbenzesulfonates, alkylnaphthalene-sulfonates, ligninsulfonates, higher alcohol sulfuric ester salts, etc. These surfactants may be used either alone or in the form of a mixture.

As the dispersants or sticking agents, for example, casein, gelatin, starch, alginic acid, carboxymethyl cellulose, agar, polyvinyl alcohol, turpentine oil, etc. can be used according to the need.

The ant controller of the present invention is applied not only to the surrounding soil surface or into the under-floor soil in order to protect wooden materials such as trees, board fences, sleepers, etc. and structures such as shrines, temples, houses, outhouses, factories, etc., but it can also be applied to lumbered articles such as surfaces of the under-floor concrete, alcove posts, beams, plywoods, furniture,

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boards, etc. and vinyl articles such as coated electric wires, vinyl sheets, heat insulating material such as styrene foams, etc. In case of application against ants doing harm to crops or human beings, the ant controller of the present invention is applied to the crops or the surrounding soil, or is directly applied to the nest of ants or the like.

The present invention is not limited to the embodiments mentioned above, but it also includes the embodiments of applying the ant controller of the invention preventively to places at which occurrence of ants is expected.

In putting the ant controller of the present invention, the dosage may be appropriately selected from the ranges properly chosen. In case of application to wooden materials, the quantity of active ingredient ranges from 0.1 to 50 g per m<sup>2</sup>; and in case of soil treatment or application to the nests, the quantity of active ingredient ranges from 1 to 500 g per m<sup>2</sup>.

### 25 EXAMPLES

Next, typical examples and test example of the present invention are presented below. The invention is by no means limited to these examples.

In the examples, "parts" are by weight.

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# 5 Formulation Example 1

Each hydrazine derivative listed

in Tables 1-4

20 parts

Xylene

80 parts

The ingredients mentioned above were made into 10 a uniform solution to obtain an oily solution.

### Formulation Example 2

Each hydrazine derivative listed

in Tables 1-4

10 parts

Polyoxyethylene styrylphenyl ether

10 parts

15 Cyclohexanone

80 parts

The ingredients mentioned above were uniformly mixed and dissolved together to obtain an emulsifiable concentrate.

### Formulation Example 3

20 Each hydrazine derivative listed

in Tables 1-4

10 parts

Sodium alkylbenzenesulfonate

2 parts

White carbon

10 parts

Clay

78 parts

The ingredients mentioned above were uniformly mixed and pulverized to obtain a wettable powder.

### Formulation Example 4

Each hydrazine derivative listed

in Tables 1-4

8 parts

5 Cyclohexanone

4 parts

Mixture of polyoxyethylene nonylphenyl

ether and alkylbenzenesulfonic acid 3 parts

A granular composition was prepared by uniformly mixing and dissolving together the ingredients mentioned above, and spraying the resulting solution onto 85 parts of granular pumice, followed by drying.

### Test Example 1

group of 10 insects.

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A filter paper was spread in a glass dish having a diameter of 9 cm, onto which was dropped 1 ml of a 500 ppm solution of the ant controller of the present invention. Then, the filter paper was inoculated with Coptotermes formosanus Shiraki. Seven days after the inoculation, percentage of dead insects was investigated, from which mortality was calculated.

The results were evaluated according to the following criterion. The test was carried out with triplicate

Criterion	Mortality	(용)
A	100	
В	99-90	
С	89-80	
D	79-50	

The results are summarized in Table 6.

Table 6

Compound No.	Termite-killing effect	Compound No.	Termite-killing effect
1	А	5	A
2	В	6	A
3	А	7	A
4	A	8	С

Compound No.	Termite-killing effect	Compound No.	Termite-killing effect
9	В	32	A
10	A	33	С
11	A	34	A
12	A	35	A
13	A	36	В
14	A	37	A
15	В	38	В
16	С	39	A
17	A	40	. מ
18	A	41	A
19	A	42	A
20	A	43	А
21	A	44	С
22	В	45	А
23	A	46	A
24	С	47	A
25	ם	48	A
26	Α	49	С
27	Α	50	А
28	c	51	А
29	. <b>c</b>	52	А
30	A	53	В
31	A	54	A

Compound No.	Termite-killing effect	Compound No.	Termite-killing effect
55	A	78	A
56	A	79	В
57	D	80 .	A
58	A	81	A
59	С	82	В
60	С	83	Д
61	. А	84	A
62	A	85	С
63	A	86	<b>A</b>
64	A	87	С
65	С	88	A
66	. A	89	В
67	A	90	A
68	A	91	A
69	В	92	A
70	A	93	D
71	A	94	A
72	A	95	A
73	A	96	A
74	A	97	A
75	A	98	A
76	A	99	A
77	A	100	A

Compound No.	Termite-killing effect	Compound No.	Termite-killing effect
101	A	124	D
102	A	125	A
103	A	126	A
104	A	127	A
105	В	128	A
106	A	129	A
107	D	130	С
108	С	131	С
109	С	132	A
110	В	133	A
111	D	134	A
112	A	135	В
113	A	136	A
114	В	137	A
115	. <b>A</b>	138	A
116	В	139	A
117	A	140	A
118	D	141	<b>D</b>
119	A	142	С
120	A	143	С
121	С	144	В
122	D	145	A
123	А	146	D

Compound No.	Termite-killing effect	Compound No.	Termite-killing effect
147	A	153	A
148	A	154	В
149	A	155	A
150	С	156	В
151	С	157	A
152	В	158	С

### Test Example 2

one nest.

The ant controller of the present invention

10 was applied to nests (anthill) of fireant (Solenopsis geminata) with drench treatment, in terms of 1 g of the active ingredient per one nest. 14 Days after the treatment of the ant controller, the activity of the nests was evaluated according to the following

15 criterion. The test was carried out with one block per

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5	Criterion	Effect
	A	Nest is completely destructed or
		activity of the nest is extremely low.
	В	Activity of the nest is exhibited.
	С	High activity of the nest is
10	-	exhibited.
	D	Activity of the nest is extremely
		high.

As a result of the test, compound Nos. 44 and 96 of the present invention exhibited the effect "A".

AM100246

### WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. An ant controller characterized by containing, as active ingredient thereof, a hydrazine derivative represented by the following formula (I):

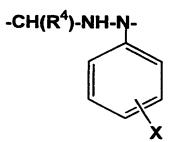
$$Z = \begin{bmatrix} W & R^2 \\ N(R^1) - C - A - C \end{bmatrix} Y \quad (I)$$

wherein A represents:

(wherein  $R^4$  represents hydrogen atom or  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group, and X represents 1 to 5, same or different substituents selected from the group consisting of hydrogen atom, halogen atom,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group and halo  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group),

(wherein  $R^4$  and X are as defined above, and  $R^5$  represents hydrogen atom,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkylcarbonyl group or phenylcarbonyl group which may have 1 to 2, same or different substituents selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl groups),

(wherein R<sup>4</sup> and X are as defined above), or



(wherein R<sup>4</sup> and X are as defined above);

 $R^1$  represents hydrogen atom or  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group;

 $R^2$  and  $R^3$ , which may be same or different, represent hydrogen atom, hydroxyl group,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy group,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkylcarbonyl group or phenylcarbonyl group;

Y represents 1 to 5, same or different substituents selected from the group consisting of

hydrogen atom, halogen atom, nitro group and cyano group;

Z represents halogen atom, cyano group,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group, halo  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy group, halo  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy group, halo  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkylsulfinyl group or halo  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkylsulfonyl group; and

W represents oxygen atom or sulfur atom.

2. The ant controller according to Claim 1, which is represented by the following formula (I-1):

wherein  $R^{\frac{1}{2}}$  represents hydrogen atom or  $C_1-C_6$  alkyl group;

R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup>, which may be same or different, represent hydrogen atom, hydroxyl group, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl group, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy group, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylcarbonyl group or phenylcarbonyl group;

 $R^4$  represents hydrogen atom or  $C_1\text{-}C_6$  alkyl group;

X represents 1 to 5, same or different substituents selected from the group consisting of hydrogen atom, halogen atom,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group and halo  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group;

Y represents 1 to 5, same or different substituents selected from the group consisting of hydrogen atom, halogen atom, nitro group and cyano group;

Z represents halogen atom, cyano group,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group, halo  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy group, halo  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy group, halo  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkylsulfinyl group or halo  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkylsulfonyl group; and

W represents oxygen atom or sulfur atom.

3. The ant controller according to Claim 1, which is represented by the following formula (I-2):

$$Z \xrightarrow{N(R^1)-C-N(R^4)-N(R^5)-CH} \xrightarrow{R^2} \xrightarrow{Y} (I-2)$$

wherein  $R^1$  represents hydrogen atom or  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group;

 $R^2$  and  $R^3$ , which may be same or different, represent hydrogen atom, hydroxyl group,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy group,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkylcarbonyl group or phenylcarbonyl group;

 $$\rm R^4$$  represents hydrogen atom or  $C_1\text{--}C_6$  alkyl group;

 $R^5$  represents hydrogen atom,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkylcarbonyl group or phenylcarbonyl group which may

have 1 to 2, same or different substituents selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl groups;

X represents 1 to 5, same or different substituents selected from the group consisting of hydrogen atom, halogen atom,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group and halo  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group;

Y represents 1 to 5, same or different substituents selected from the group consisting of hydrogen atom, halogen atom, nitro group and cyano group;

Z represents halogen atom, cyano group,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group, halo  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy group, halo  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy group, halo  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkylsulfinyl group or halo  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkylsulfonyl group; and

W represents oxygen atom or sulfur atom.

4. The ant controller according to Claim 1, which is represented by the following formula (I-3):

$$Z \longrightarrow N(R^{1})-C-C(R^{4})=N-N-C$$

$$R^{3}$$

$$(1-3)$$

wherein  $R^1$  represents hydrogen atom or  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group;

 $R^2$  and  $R^3$ , which may be same or different, represent hydrogen atom, hydroxyl group,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy group,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkylcarbonyl group or

phenylcarbonyl group;

 $R^4$  represents hydrogen atom or  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group;

X represents 1 to 5, same or different substituents selected from the group consisting of hydrogen atom, halogen atom,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group;

Y represents 1 to 5, same or different substituents selected from the group consisting of hydrogen atom, halogen atom, nitro group and cyano group;

Z represents halogen atom, cyano group,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group, halo  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy group, halo  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy group, halo  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkylsulfinyl group or halo  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkylsulfonyl group; and

W represents oxygen atom or sulfur atom.

5. The ant controller according to Claim 1, which is represented by the following formula (I-4):

$$Z \xrightarrow{N(R^1)-C-CH(R^4)-NH-N} \xrightarrow{R^2} \xrightarrow{Y} (1-4)$$

wherein  $R^2$  represents hydrogen atom or  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group;  $R^2$  and  $R^3$ , which may be same or different, represent hydrogen atom, hydroxyl group,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy group,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkylcarbonyl group or phenylcarbonyl group;

 $R^4$  represents hydrogen atom or  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group;

X represents 1 to 5, same or different substituents selected from the group consisting of hydrogen atom, halogen atom,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group;

Y represents 1 to 5, same or different substituents selected from the group consisting of hydrogen atom, halogen atom, nitro group and cyano group;

Z represents halogen atom, cyano group,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group, halo  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy group, halo  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy group, halo  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkylsulfinyl group or halo  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkylsulfonyl group; and

W represents oxygen atom or sulfur atom.

- A method for application of an ant controller which comprises treating a wooden part and a surrounding soil where ants and termites live, with an effective quantity of the ant controller according to Claim 1.
- 7. The method for application of an ant controller according to Claim 6, wherein the hydrazine derivative represented by the general formula (I) is a hydrazine derivative claimed in any one of Claims 2 to 5.

Inter anal Application No PCT/US 00/17895

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
1PC 7 A01N47/34 A01N37/44

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

#### **B. FIELDS SEARCHED**

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)  $IPC\ 7\ A01N$ 

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

CHEM ABS Data, WPI Data, EPO-Internal

Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	WO 92 06076 A (DU PONT) 16 April 1992 (1992-04-16) page 54, line 32 -page 55, line 17 claim 1; table A	1,2,6,7
X	EP 0 462 456 A (NIHON NOHYAKU CO LTD) 27 December 1991 (1991-12-27) cited in the application page 1; claim 1; example A004	1,2,6,7
X	EP 0 500 111 A (ISHIHARA MINING & CHEMICAL CO) 26 August 1992 (1992-08-26) page 38, line 55 -page 39, line 2; claim 1; example 200	1,2,6,7
	-/	

X Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	χ Patent family members are listed in annex.
"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance  "E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date  "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)  "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means  "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed	"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention.  "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone.  "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.  "&" document member of the same patent family
Date of the actual completion of the international search  28 August 2000	Date of mailing of the international search report  23. 11.00
Name and mailing address of the ISA  European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2  NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk  Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl,  Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	Authorized officer  Bertrand, F

1



Inter onal Application No PCT/US 00/17895

	ion) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT  Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
(	WO 94 11340 A (NIPPON SODA CO ;KISHIMOTO TAKASHI (JP); MATSUDA MICHIHIKO (JP); HA) 26 May 1994 (1994-05-26) abstract; example 12	1,2
	-	
-		

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## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

national application No. PCT/US 00/17895

Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)
This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:
Claims Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
Claims Nos.:     because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:
3. Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).
Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)
This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:
see additional sheet
As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.
2. As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. X No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:  1, 6, 7 (all partly)
Remark on Protest  The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.  No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

## FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

This International Searching Authority found multiple (groups of) inventions in this international application, as follows:

1. Claims: 1,6,7 (all partly) and 2

Ant controller and method of its application, involving a compound of general formula I-1

2. Claims: 1,6,7 (all partly) and 3

Ant controller and method of its application, involving a compound of general formula I-2

3. Claims: 1,6,7 (all partly) and 4

Ant controller and method of its application, involving a compound of general formula I-3

4. Claims: 1,6,7 (all partly) and 5

Ant controller and method of its application, involving a compound of general formula I-4



Inter nal Application No PCT/US 00/17895

### ...formation on patent family members

Patent document cited in search report		Publication date		atent family nember(s)	Publication date
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			AU	7833291 A	19-12-1991
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